## SNC1P

## Activity 1.1: Sampling Populations

## Name:

$\qquad$

In this activity you are a professional biologist. Your task is to determine the populations of different species in your region and investigate reasons for the decrease in the number of frogs.

You and your team will take samples from three areas by examining the species found in that location. You will then represent your findings in a bar graph form

## Instructions

1. Each species of animal in your sampling sites is represented by a different colour of paper as follows:
a. Green - Frogs
b. Pink - Grasshoppers
c. Blue - Blue herons
d. Black-Snakes
e. Yellow - Blackbirds
2. Record the number of each species found in each area by filling in the following tables.

Area A

|  | Frogs | Grasshoppers | Blue herons | Snakes | Blackbirds |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number |  |  |  |  |  |

## Area B

|  | Frogs | Grasshoppers | Blue herons | Snakes | Blackbirds |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number |  |  |  |  |  |

Area C

|  | Frogs | Grasshoppers | Blue herons | Snakes | Blackbirds |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number |  |  |  |  |  |

SNC1P
Analysis

1. Use the data you collected to draw a bar graph showing the population of each species in each sampling area.


Area B

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SNC1P

Area C

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Grasshoppers are food for the frogs. How does the number of frogs in your populations compare with the number of grasshoppers? Suggest an explanation.
3. Blue herons are large predatory birds that eat frogs. How does the number of blue herons in your populations compare with the number of frogs? Suggest an explanation.

## SNC1P

4. Which area do you believe to best represent a balanced ecosystem? Explain your answer.
5. Based on your observations, what two factors could affect the number of frogs in your sampling areas?
6. Can you suggest other factors that might cause a decrease in the number of frogs? Explain how each of these factors causes a decrease in the frog population.

SNC1P
Sampling Populations (Rubric)
Name: $\qquad$


